

# Systems Analysis Overview

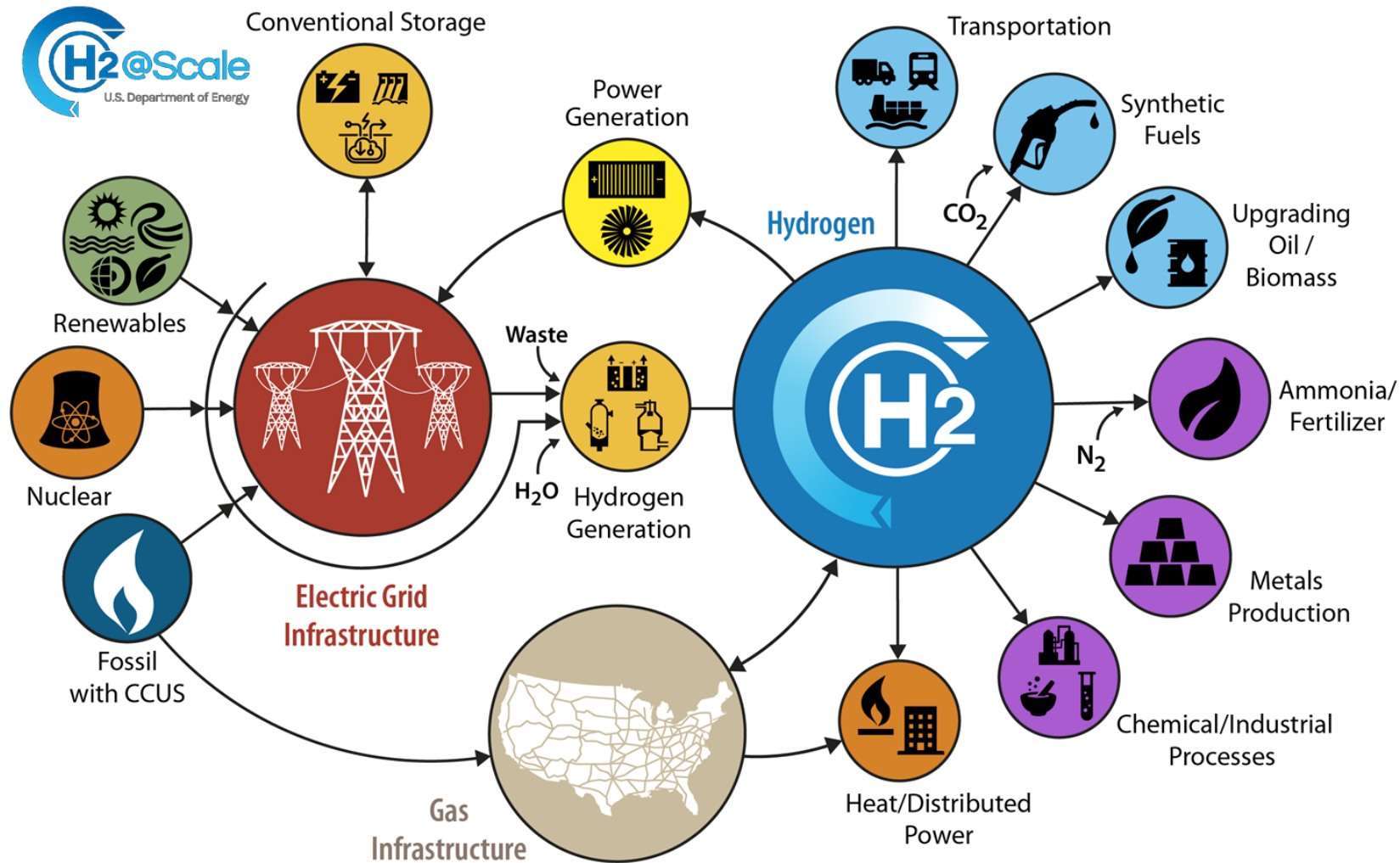
**Neha Rustagi, Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies Office**

Hydrogen in the U.S. – Modeling Challenges

March 24, 2022



# H2@Scale: Enabler for Deep Decarbonization across Sectors and Jobs



## Key Opportunities

- **Industry and Chemicals**  
Steel, ammonia, cement, syn fuels (e.g., aviation), exports
- **Transportation**  
Trucks, marine, buses, etc.
- **Power and Energy Storage**  
Long duration storage, NG blending, turbines, fuel cells

## U.S. Snapshot

- 10 MMT of H<sub>2</sub>/yr produced today with scenarios for 2-5X growth.
- +10 MMT H<sub>2</sub> would ~ double today's solar or wind deployment
- Potential for 700K jobs, \$140B by 2030



Hydrogen

# Hydrogen Energy Earthshot

“Hydrogen Shot”

“1 1 1”

\$1 for 1 kg clean hydrogen  
in 1 decade

Launched June 7, 2021  
Summit Aug 31-Sept 1, 2021



# Bipartisan Infrastructure Law - Hydrogen Highlights

- **Covers \$9.5B** for clean hydrogen:
  - \$8B for at least four regional clean hydrogen hubs
  - \$1B for electrolysis research, development and demonstration
  - \$500M for clean hydrogen technology manufacturing and recycling R&D



President Biden Signs the Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill on November 15, 2021.

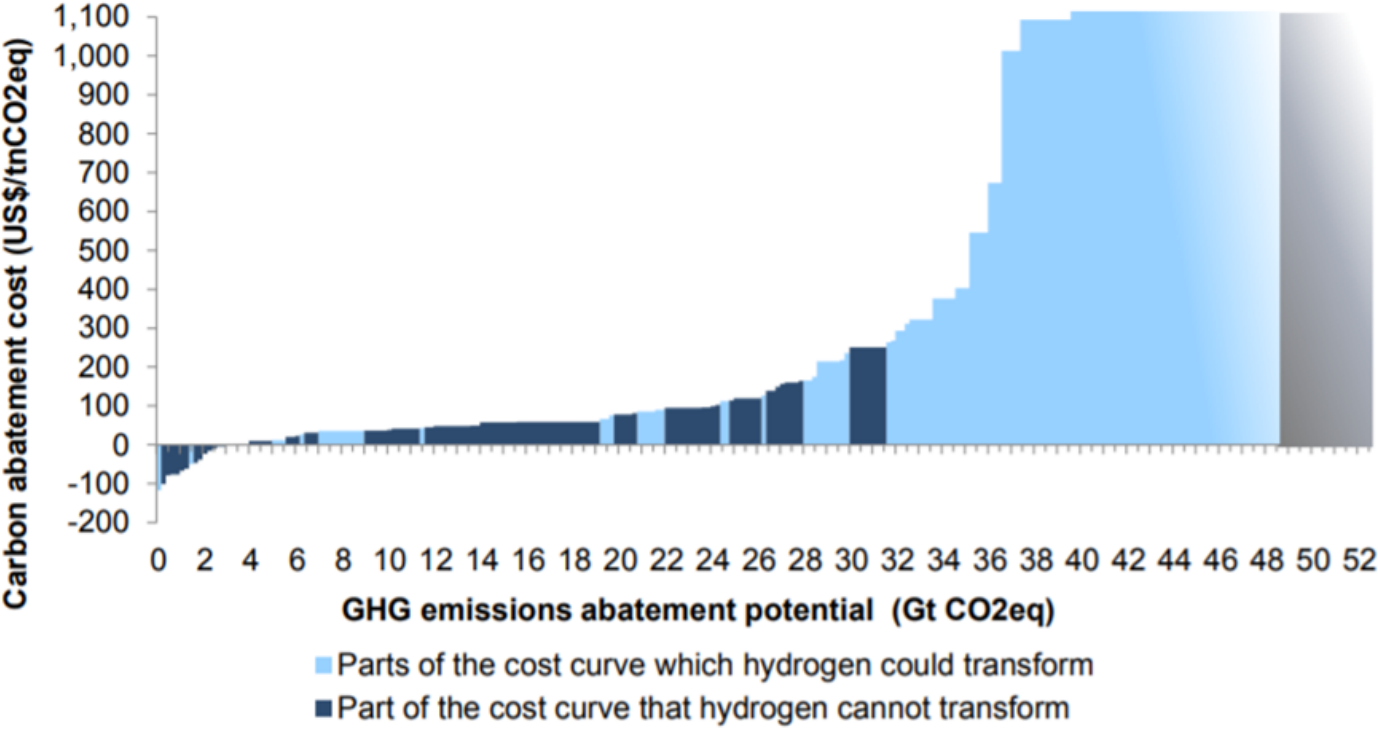
Photo Credit: Kenny Holston/Getty Images

- **Aligns with Hydrogen Shot priorities by directing work to reduce the cost of clean hydrogen to \$2 per kilogram by 2026**
- **Requires developing a National Hydrogen Strategy and Roadmap and Clean Hydrogen Standard**

December 8, 2021 Webinar: [www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/articles/doe-update-hydrogen-shot-rfi-results-and-summary-hydrogen-provisions](https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/articles/doe-update-hydrogen-shot-rfi-results-and-summary-hydrogen-provisions)

# Systems Analysis Focus Areas

Recent analyses have focused on identifying the role of hydrogen in hard-to-decarbonize sectors



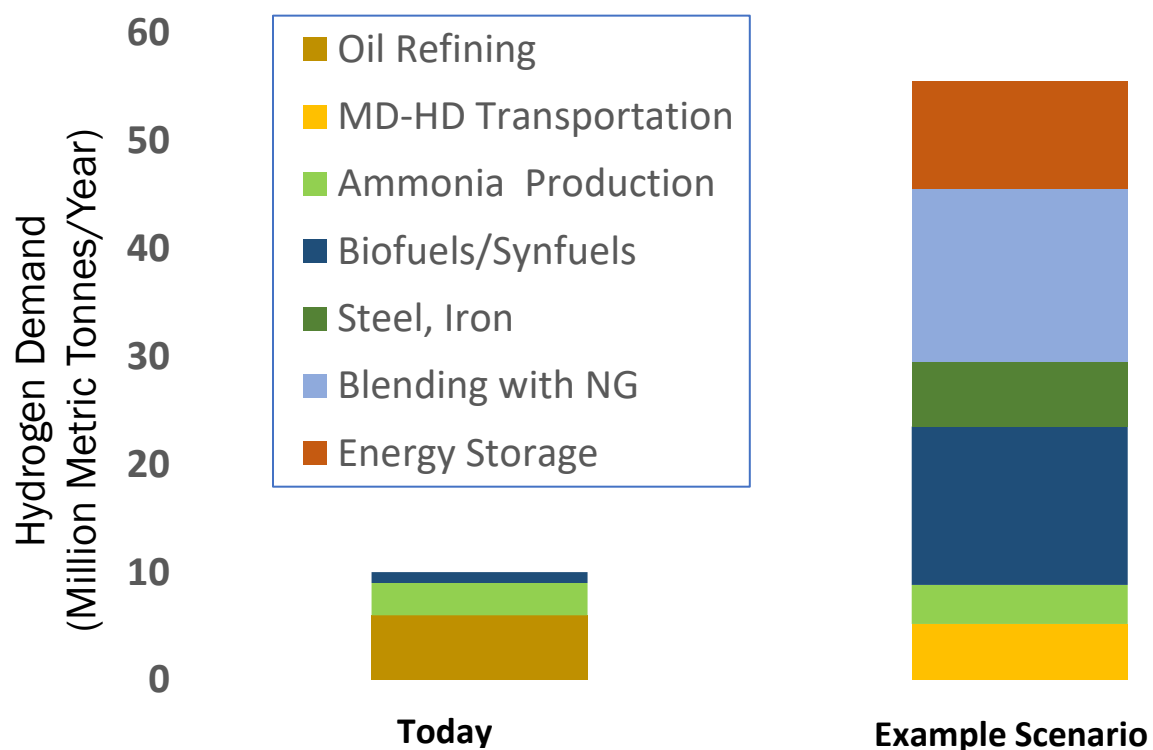
Cost of decarbonization increases significantly after 50%.<sup>1</sup>

Recent and ongoing analyses are characterizing:

- Role of hydrogen in long duration energy storage
- Impact of hydrogen use on life cycle emissions of industrial applications
- Market segmentation in medium/heavy-duty transportation
- Supply and demand potential for hydrogen
- Impact of growth in hydrogen and fuel cells on global sustainability

1. Source: Goldman Sachs, <https://www.goldmansachs.com/insights/pages/gs-research/carbonomics-the-rise-of-clean-hydrogen/report.pdf>

Comprehensive multi-lab analysis determined potential for growth in U.S. hydrogen demand of at least 2-5 x current consumption



Preliminary demand scenario based on published H2@Scale analysis and additional ongoing TEA

- **Resource Assessment for Hydrogen Production<sup>1</sup>**  
*Determined technical potential of hydrogen supply*
- **Assessment of Potential for Future Demands for Hydrogen in the United States<sup>2</sup>**  
*Assessed price points and market potential for hydrogen in 8 sectors.*
- **The Technical and Economic Potential of the H2@Scale Concept within the United States<sup>3</sup>**  
*Assessed growth potential for hydrogen supply and demand in 5 scenarios*

1. <https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy20osti/77198.pdf>  
2. [https://greet.es.anl.gov/publication-us\\_future\\_h2](https://greet.es.anl.gov/publication-us_future_h2)  
3. <https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy21osti/77610.pdf>

# Hydrogen Energy Integrated Assessment: Updating H<sub>2</sub> in GCAM

## GCAM: Global Change Analysis Model

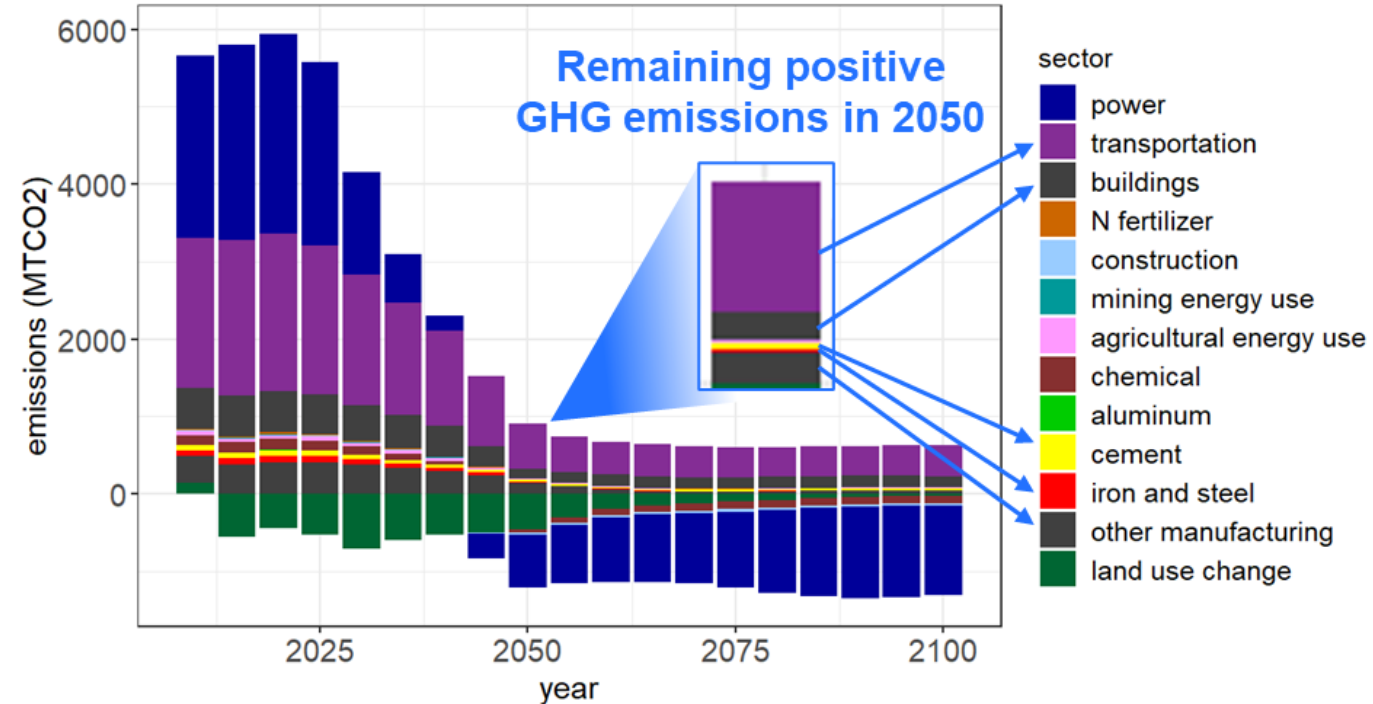
GCAM represents linkages between five systems:  
**energy, water, land, economic, and climate systems**, at local, regional, and global scales

Current estimates of cost and performance of H<sub>2</sub> and fuel cell technologies will be incorporated into GCAM across all relevant pathways in industry and transportation

## Anticipated GCAM Results

- Market shares and energy prices by sector
- GHG and criteria emission reductions
- GHG abatement costs compared to other options
- Land use, water use and other sustainability metrics

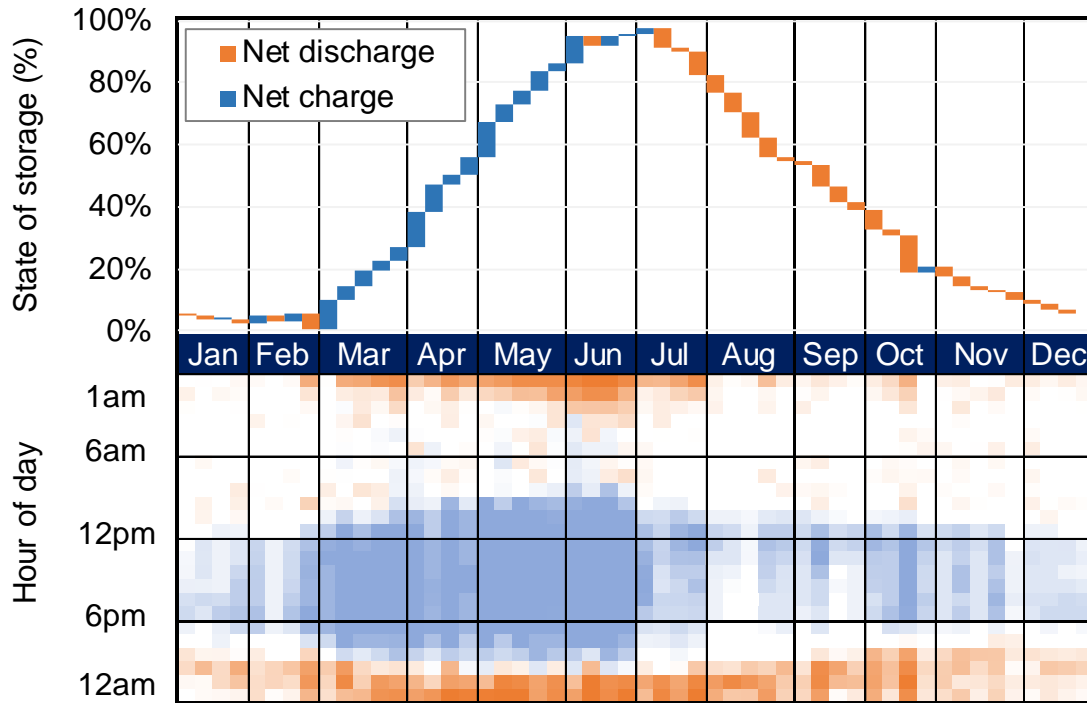
Example GCAM scenario before hydrogen updates



GCAM identifies which sectors are economically difficult to decarbonize to reach Net Zero GHGs

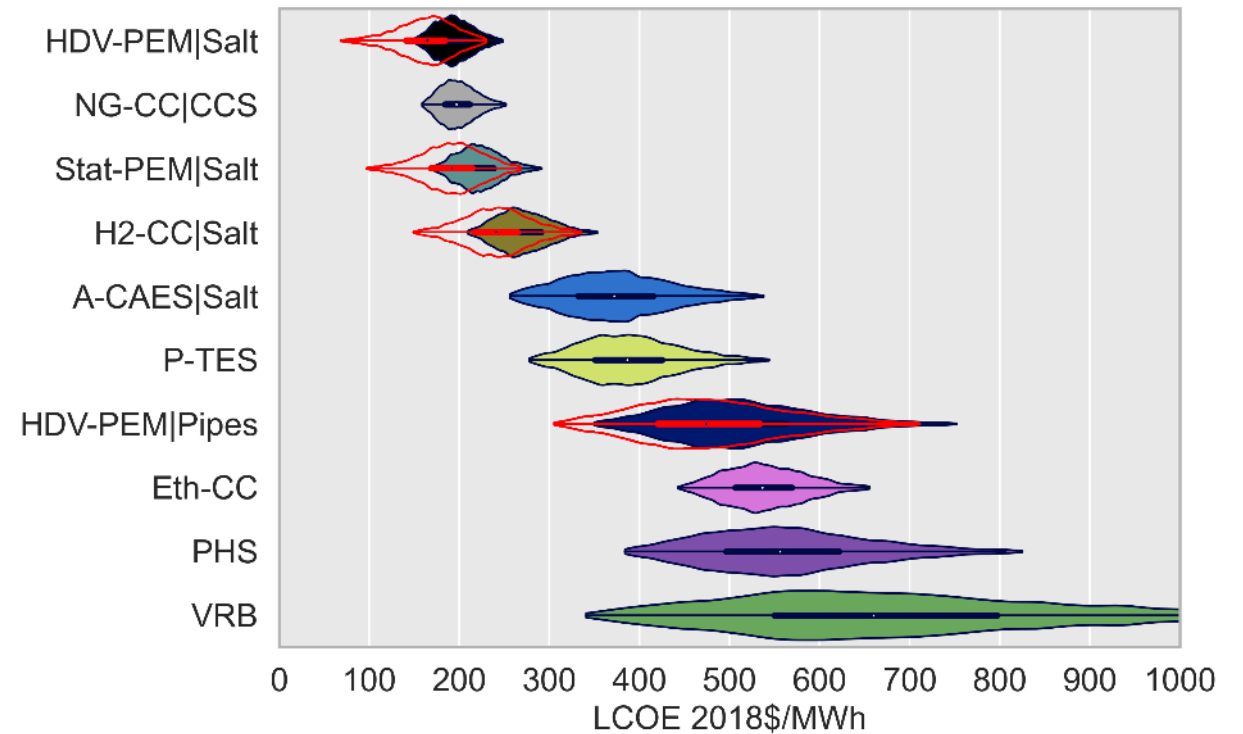
# Competitiveness of Long Duration Energy Storage

## Modeling of 85% renewable grid in Western Interconnect to inform energy storage capacity factors



Example capacity factor for technology with 40% round-trip efficiency

## Analysis of current and future costs for long duration energy storage



Monte Carlo analysis of future costs

Hydrogen technologies are among the lowest cost pathways for multi-day energy storage

Analysis led by DOE-Strategic Analysis and co-funded with Solar Energy Technologies Office and Wind Energy Technologies Office.  
Grid modeling informed by EPRI and five member utilities

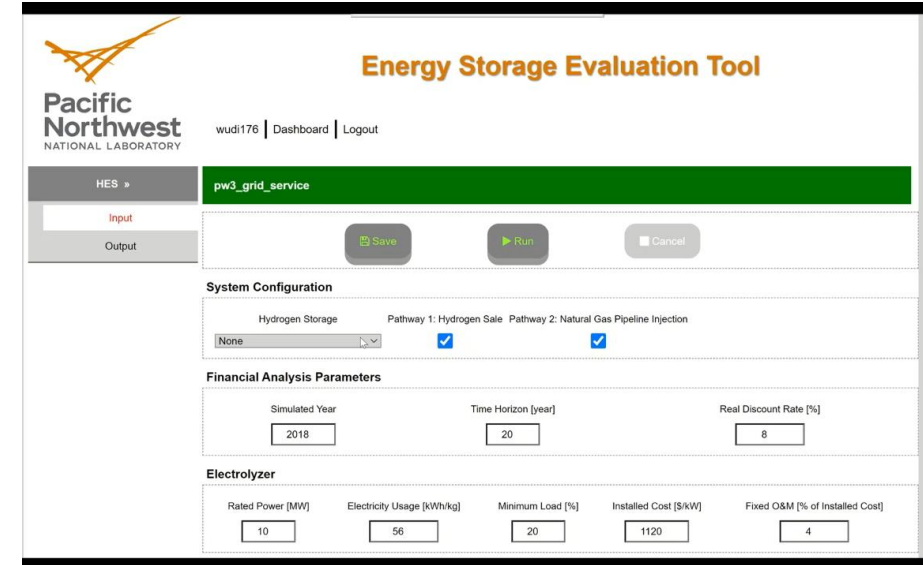
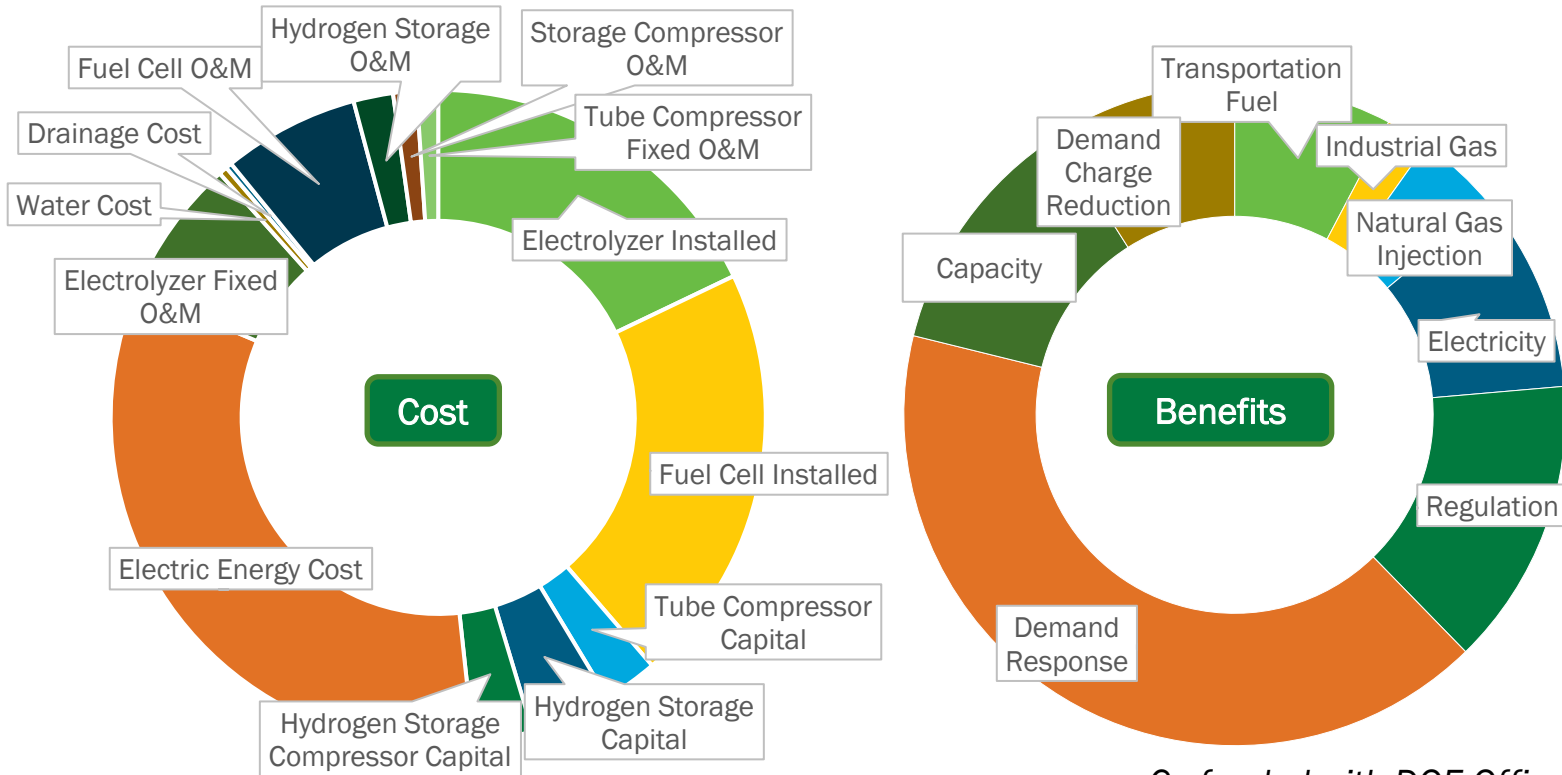


# Hydrogen Energy Storage Techno-economic Assessment Model

New tool for hydrogen energy storage valuation toward multiple energy delivery pathways and grid services

**Key Inputs:** Price of electricity and various grid services, price point of regional demands for hydrogen

**Key Outputs:** Financial analysis of costs and net profit over life of system, from all revenue streams considered

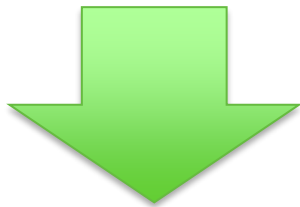


*HESET models the operation of a user-defined energy storage system, to allow users to optimize component size and revenue streams*

Co-funded with DOE Office of Electricity | Now in beta testing at: <https://eset.pnnl.gov>

Used state-of-the art analysis tools to estimate the value of integrating hydrogen production at two Xcel Energy nuclear power plants

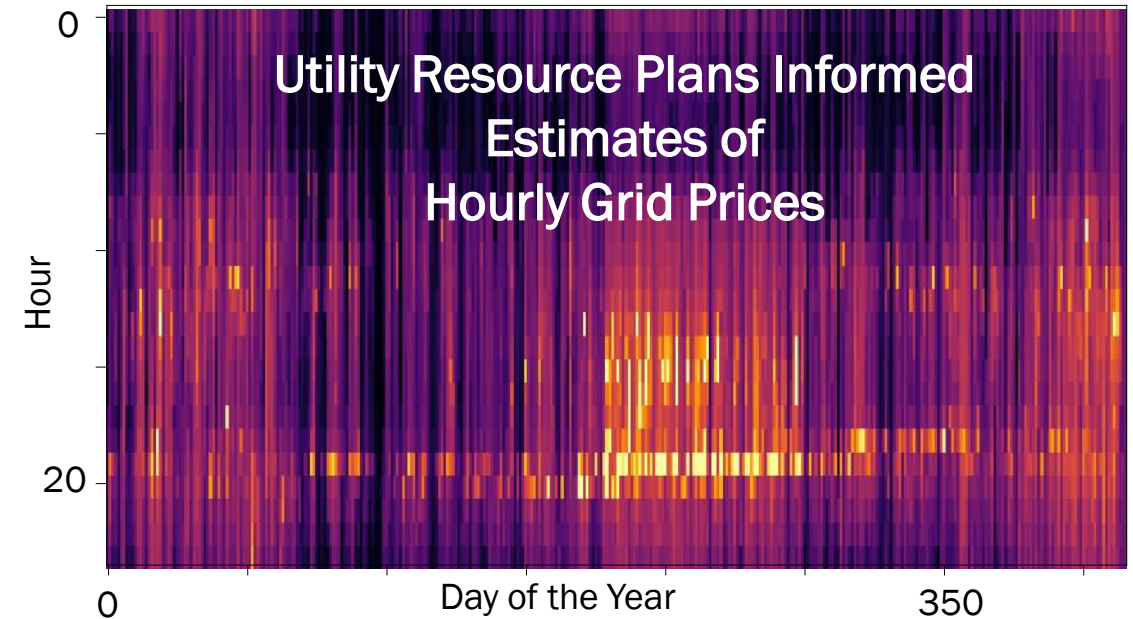
- Estimated grid prices with and without hydrogen integration
- Optimized operating strategy for hybrid energy system
- Assessed size of regional hydrogen market



Next Steps

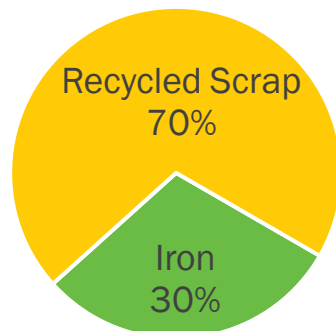
- Identifying parameters necessary for profitability, including:
  - Technology cost
  - Hydrogen market size
  - Decarbonization drivers

*Collaboration with Office of Nuclear Energy*

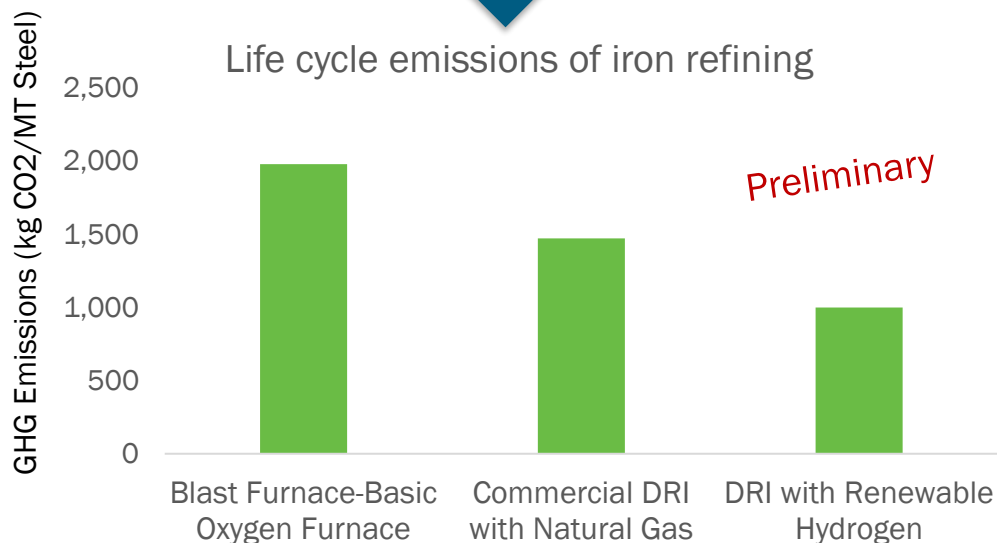


Hydrogen use in iron refining can reduce life cycle emissions by 30-50%<sup>1</sup>

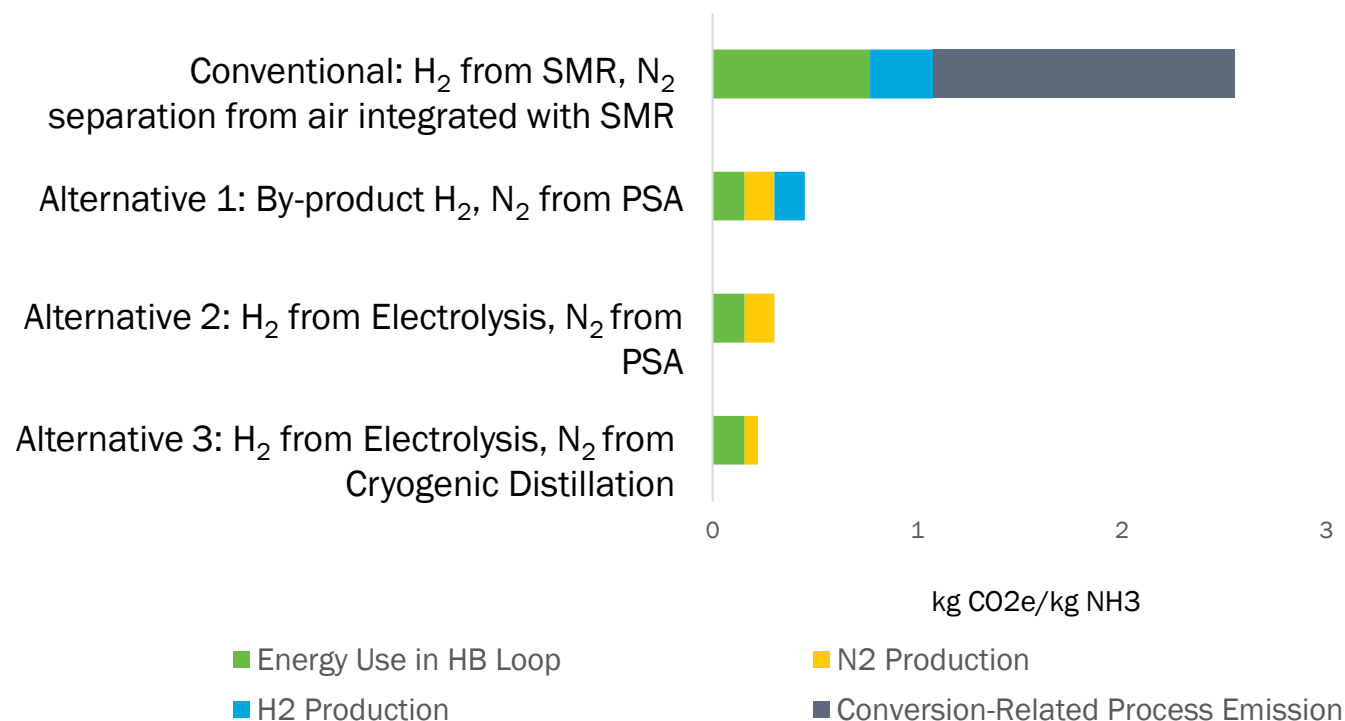
Feedstock in U.S. steelmaking plants



Life cycle emissions of iron refining



Clean hydrogen use in ammonia production can reduce life cycle emissions by over 80%<sup>2</sup>

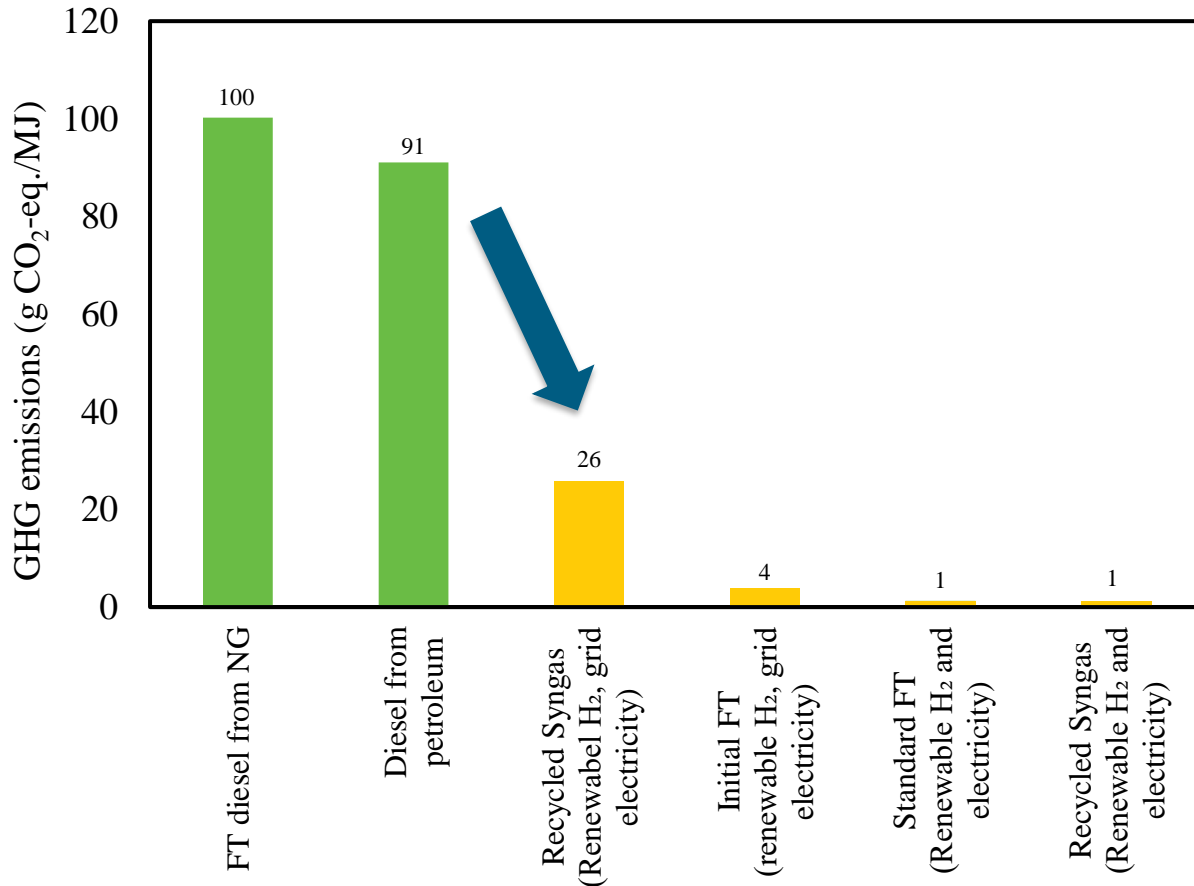


**Steam methane reforming is largest contributor to life cycle emissions of conventional ammonia production**

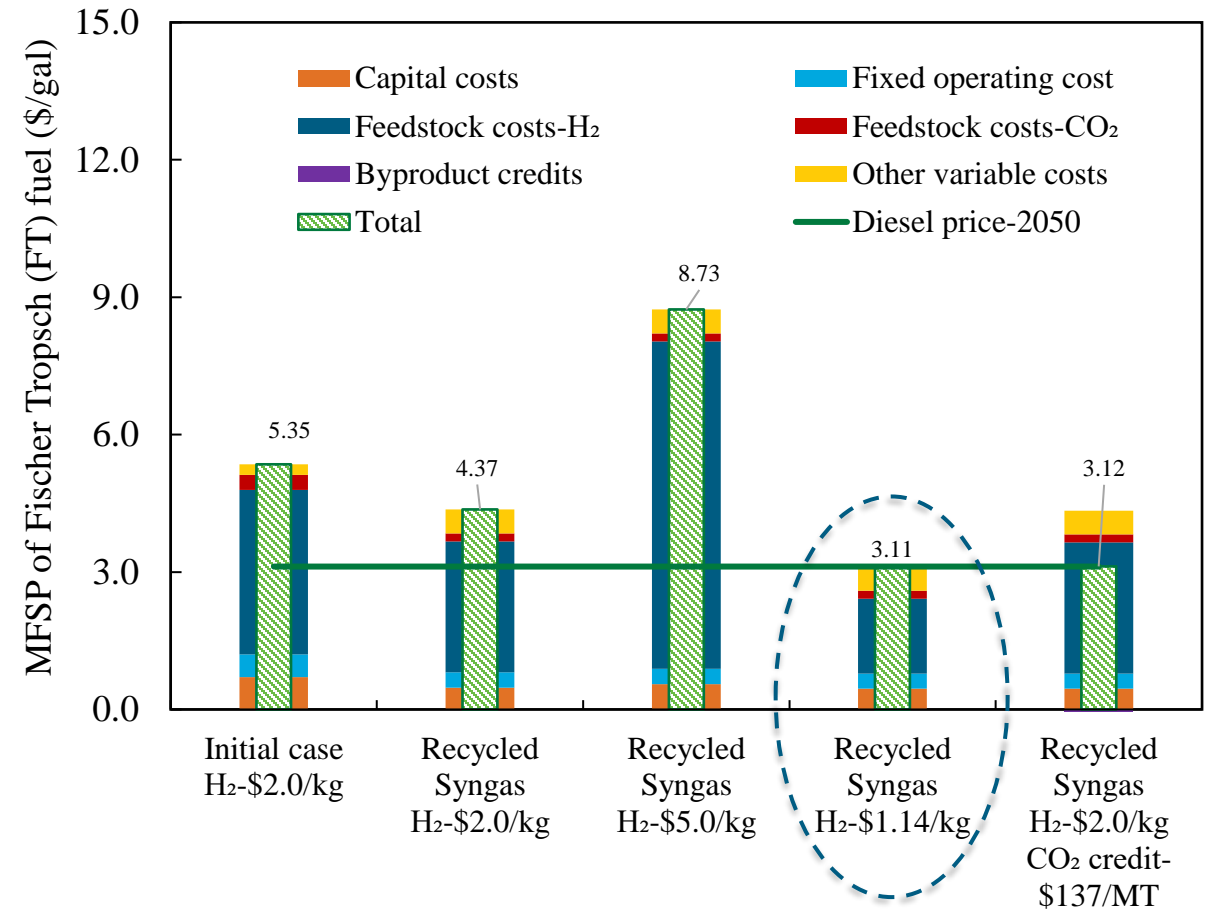
1. In collaboration with DOE- Strategic Analysis and Advanced Manufacturing Office. For more information, please see SA 174  
 2. Source: <https://pubs.rsc.org/en/content/articlelanding/2020/gc/d0gc02301a#!divAbstract>  
 Analysis funded by DOE Advanced Research Projects Agency- Energy

# Industrial Applications for Hydrogen: Synthetic Fuels

Fuels synthesized from hydrogen and concentrated CO<sub>2</sub> can achieve >70% lower emissions than conventional diesel



Hydrogen cost of ~\$1/kg needed to enable competitive production

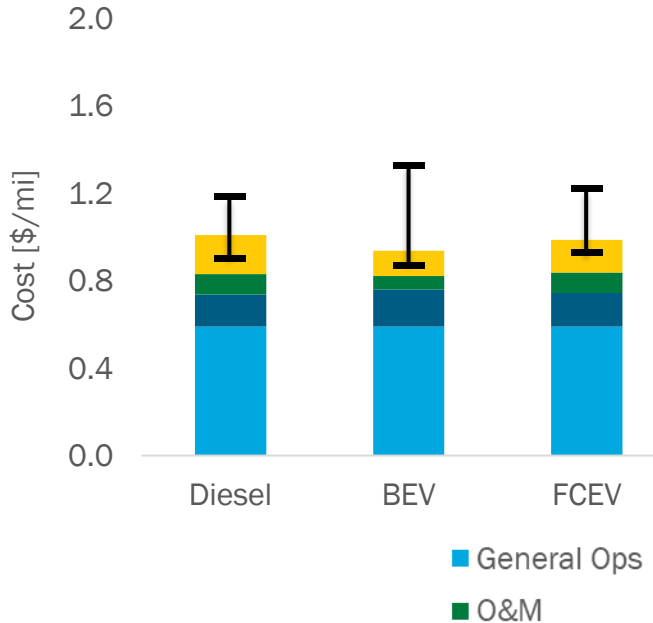


Conducted in coordination with DOE-EERE Bioenergy Technologies Office, in support of Net Zero Carbon Tech Team  
 For more information, please see SA 174

Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) of Class 4 and 8 fuel cell trucks achieves parity with diesel if HFTO targets are met

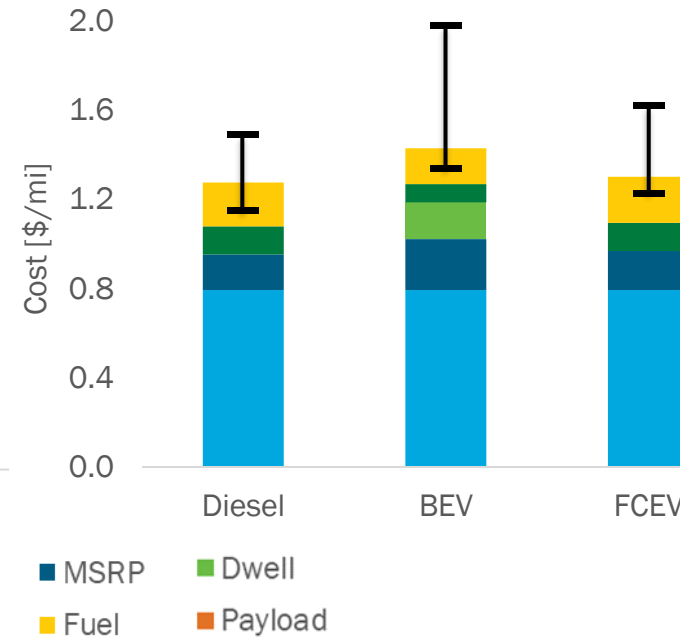
## Class 8 (300-mile)

- Single-shift operations
- 60,000 mi/yr
- 16.7 years life



## Class 8 (500-mile)

- Multi-shift operations
- 150,000 mi/yr
- 6.7 years life



### ➤ Key assumptions:

- Real-world drive cycles
- Estimates of cost based on current technology and R&D success

### ➤ Impact of payload and time constraints on TCO evaluated

- FCEVs are more attractive in scenarios with time constraints (e.g., multi-shift) or longer ranges
- Vehicle classes with higher fuel economy had narrower gap in TCO between fuel cells and diesel

### ➤ Range of TCO values reflects uncertainty in fuel prices and O&M cost

- Cost of fuel is largest driver of TCO

### ➤ Future work: Analysis and data gathering to identify size of MDHD truck market segments and vocations and assess TCO in additional classes

Error bars reflect uncertainty in fuel prices and O&M costs

For more information, please, see SA 169

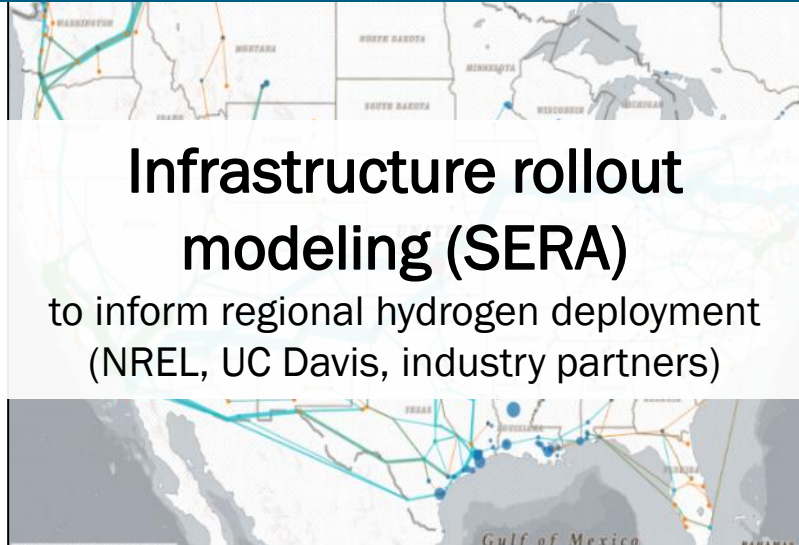
Project completed in conjunction with DOE Vehicle Technologies Office

Report to be published in 2021

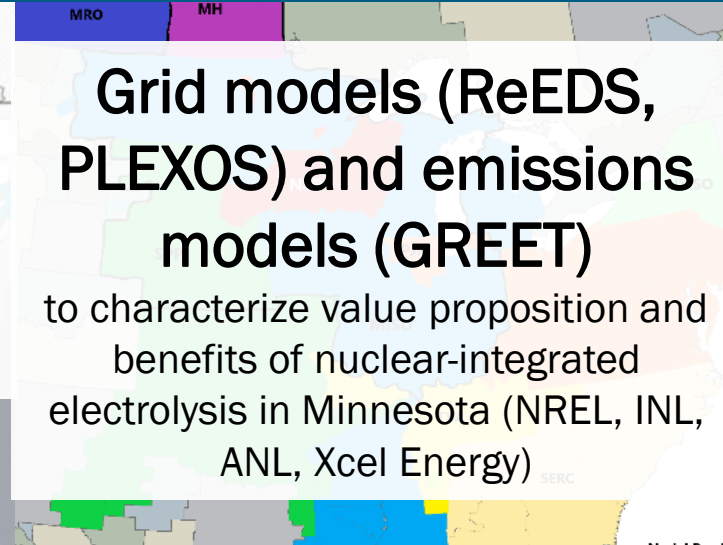
# Collaborations Across Industry, Academia, and Government

Tools developed through Systems Analysis projects inform real-world deployments and demonstrations

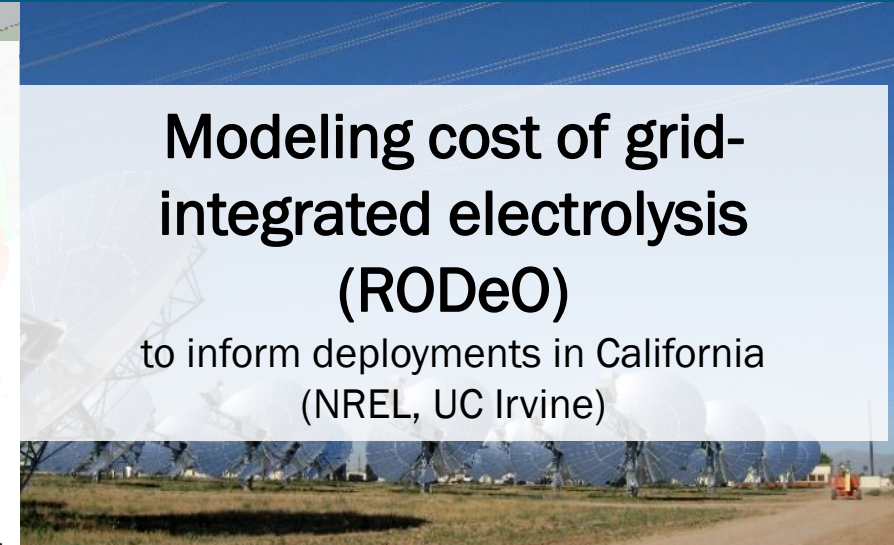
Examples



**Infrastructure rollout modeling (SERA)**  
to inform regional hydrogen deployment (NREL, UC Davis, industry partners)



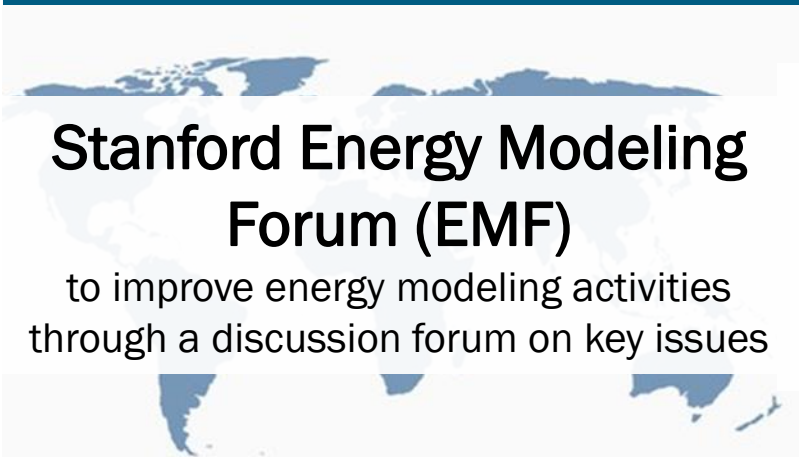
**Grid models (ReEDS, PLEXOS) and emissions models (GREET)**  
to characterize value proposition and benefits of nuclear-integrated electrolysis in Minnesota (NREL, INL, ANL, Xcel Energy)



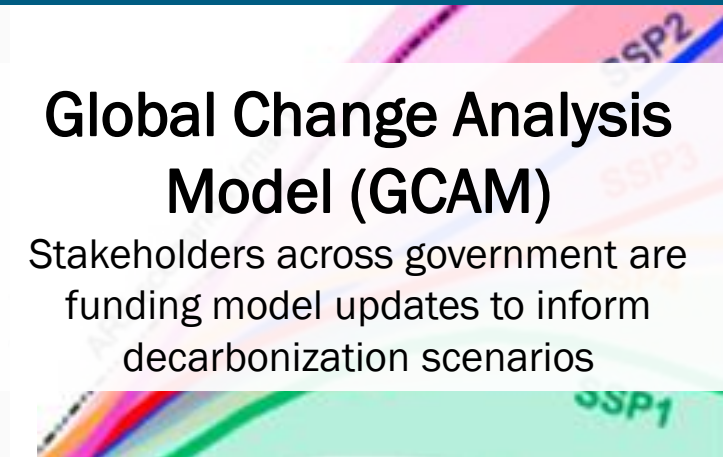
**Modeling cost of grid-integrated electrolysis (RODeO)**  
to inform deployments in California (NREL, UC Irvine)

Systems Analysis projects are coordinated and informed by the stakeholder community

Examples



**Stanford Energy Modeling Forum (EMF)**  
to improve energy modeling activities through a discussion forum on key issues



**Global Change Analysis Model (GCAM)**  
Stakeholders across government are funding model updates to inform decarbonization scenarios



**IPHE H<sub>2</sub> Production Task Force**  
Representatives from 13 countries and the European Commission developing standardized approaches to life cycle analysis to inform global trade

# Key Analysis Gaps for Future Work

- **Impacts of decarbonization drivers/policies on hydrogen markets, and market segmentation relative to other low-carbon solutions**
- **Impacts of hydrogen markets on EJ and sustainability metrics, such as regional water use**
- **Infrastructure rollout scenarios to support growth in demand**
- **Potential size of hydrogen export markets**

Thank you!